Numb. LXXVII.

# THE Pennſylvania GAZETTE.

*Containing the freſheſt Advices Foreign and Domeſtick.*

From Thurſday, April 30. to Thurſday, May 7. 1730.

HAGUE, *Dec.* 9.

OUR Laſt Letters from Seville, confirm the good Harmony that reigns between the Miniſters of the Allies of Hanover and thoſe of the Court of Spain. They add, that both Parties ſtrive to outdo each other in their Entertainments; but the Imperial Miniſters are not preſent at them, becauſe they will not give themſelves the Mortification of being Eye-witneſſes of the late Change in the Face of Affairs there.

Nothing is more certain than that the Imperial Court expects a new War; and that it will break out in Italy: For this Reaſon they repeat their Orders for haſtening the Recruits in all the Hereditary Countries; and more eſpecially the Payment of the Subſidies for the enſuing Year; ſecret Intimation having been every where given to the States, that the Subſidies hitherto paid by the King of Spain, will not only ceaſe, but that his Imperial Majeſty has no great Reaſon to promiſe himſelf ſo much as the Arrears.

*Vienna, Jan.* 18. It is confirmed, that all the Generals of the Emperor's Armies are ſent for hither to aſſiſt at a great Council of War, which is to be held here on the Affairs of the preſent Juncture: But one of the Chief of them will not be here, for there is Advice, that General Count Merci is dead at Temiſwar. We ſee here the following Liſt of the Imperial Troops that are ordered to hold themſelves ready to March to Italy on the firſt Command. Infantry, 2 Battalions of Guido Staremberg, 2 of Althan, 2 of Wurmbrand, 1 of Scikingen, 1 of Welſeg, 4 of Harrach, beſides 2 Companies of Grenadiers, and 3 of young Daun; making in the whole 16 Battalions. Cuiraſſiers, 6 Squadrons of Caraffa, 6 of Frederick Wirtenberg, 6 of Hamilton, 8 of John Palfi, 1 of Prince Emanuel. Dragoons, 6 Squadrons of Prince Eugene, 6 of Philippi, 6 of Waterborn, 8 of old Staremberg, and 8 of Lichtenſtein. Huſſars, 5 Squadrons of Spleni, and 5 of Darroffi, in all 78 Squadrons, which, computing each Battallion at 700 Men, makes 11,200. and each Squadron at 250 Men, amounts to 18,500. in the whole 30,700 Men. It is believed, that the laſt Orders will not be ſent them to march into Italy, till after the Return of an Expreſs that has been ſent to Florence, to know the Great Duke's Sentiments in Regard to the bringing of Spaniſh Troops into that Country. The Earl Waldgrave, Embaſſador of the King of Great Britain, received towards the Cloſe of laſt Week, an Expreſs from London, the Contents whereof, which his Excellency immediately imparted to the Imperial Court, have given Occaſion to the holding of three Conferences between the Emperor's Miniſters. It is ſaid theſe Diſpatches contain a freſh Aſſurance on the Part of his Britannick Majeſty, that he will undertake nothing in Favour of the Infante Don Carlos, that can be prejudicial to the Intereſts of his Imperial Majeſty's Arms; for 18,000 Men have been lately ſent to Gaeta in the Kingdom of Naples, and a great Quantity more are to be ſent thither.

*Jan.* 25. An Expreſs has brought Advice, that the Great Duke of Tuſcany was fallen ill, that they began to deſpair of his Recovery. Though the two extraordinary Couriers that were lately diſpatched for the Courts of France and Spain are not yet returned; a Third was ſent away on Monday laſt to carry new Inſtructions to Count Kinski, the Emperor's Embaſſador at Paris, touching the Project that has been concerted, for carrying the Infante Don Carlos into Italy; for which Country two Regiments of Foot are already marched, and four more are to follow them forthwith: A numerous Train of Field Artillery is likewiſe getting ready, together with a great Quantity of Arms and Ammunition of War; but notwithſtanding all thoſe Preparations, many are of Opinion that there will not be any Rupture, and that ſome Expedient will be found out to preſerve the general Peace of Europe.

*Copenhagen, Jan.* 24. The King has ſent Orders to our Board of Admiralty, to take Care there be a ſufficient Quantity of Timber kept in Readineſs to build the Ships his Majeſty deſigns for augmenting his Navy. The Crew belonging to the Ship caſt away upon the Iſland of St. Thomas in the Weſt-Indies, having ſhipp'd themſelves for Amſterdam, they arrived there the 4th Inſtant, and have written hither, that nothing was ſaved out of their Ships. Our Letters from Norway adviſe, that one of our Eaſt-India Ships, which lately ſailed from the Sound, was driven by Storm into a Harbour upon that Coaſt, where ſhe ſtill lay, having twice ſailed out, and both Times put back by contrary Winds. The other Ship we hear nothing of. The Grave of Profeſſor Magnus, who was lately buried, has been robbed by ſome profligate Wretches, who broke open the Coffin, ſtript the dead Body ſtark naked, and left it expoſed to the open Air. This is a Crime of ſo atrocious a Nature, that all who have a Spark of Humanity left, wiſh the Authors may be ſeiſed, and brought to condign Puniſhment; as it is hoped they ſpeedily will. The fourth of the Murderers that committed the horrid Murder near Swenſtrup, was lately apprehended at Amak, and brought Priſoner hither. The two firſt have already confeſſed the whole Matter, with theſe particular Circumſtances, that no ſooner the Man of the Houſe had opened the Door, but they dragged him out by the Hair of the Head, and ſplit his Scull with a Hatchet, as they afterwards ſerved the reſt of them: but they ſay they could not find the Value of ten Rix Dollars in Ready Money.

*Hanover, Jan.* 27. The Officers are ordered to repair forthwith to their reſpective Regiments; and the Troops to hold themſelves in Readineſs to march at the firſt Command; and to provide themſelves with Tents and all other Neceſſaries for an Incampment. Yeſterday an Officer was diſpatched to the Court of Caſſel, with the like Orders for the Heſſian Troops in the Pay of Great Britain.

*Dreſden, Jan.* 28. On the 5th Inſtant in the Morning, the King of Poland, our Elector, returned hither from Leipſick. We are aſſured, that at the Inſtances of the Poliſh Grandees, his Majeſty has taken the Reſolution to iſſue out Writs for the Meeting of the General Diet of the Kingdom about Eaſter, and will be going thither early enough to be at the Opening of the ſame. The Carnival begins here the 13th Inſtant. Chriſtened in this City laſt Year 1555. Buried 2075. Married 450 Couple.

*Berlin,*

*Berlin, Jan.* 31. The Queen being fallen very ill, the King is come hither this Day from Potſdam. It is hoped that the Indiſpoſition of her Majeſty, who is extreamly beloved by all her faithful Subjects, will not have any bad Conſequence. The twelve Battallions that are to be formed to keep Garriſon in Caſe of Need, will be raiſed before the firſt of next March. We ſee here the following Liſt of Perſons married, born, and buried laſt Year, viz. In Berlin 310 Couples married, 488 Males, and 505 Females born in Wedlock; Baſtards, Males 72. Females 55 and buried Males 706. Females 590. In the Suburbs of Berlin, married 75 Couples; born Males 250, Females 181; Baſtards, Males 30, and Females 25; and buried, Males 170, Females 133. At Colln, there were 76 Couples married; 170 Males, and 141 Females born in Wedlock, beſide 7 Male and 5 Female Baſtards; buried 163 Males, and 116 Females. In the Suburbs of Colln, 54 Couples were married; 81 Males, and 115 Females born; Baſtards, 16 Males, and 18 Females; and buried Males 104, Females 93.

*Amſterdam, Jan.* 31. The Number of Burials in this City for the Year 1728, was 11,164; and for 1729, 9618; ſo that there was a Decreaſe of 1546 laſt Year. On the 5th Inſtant died in the Waele-hock here, Elsje Pieters, Widow of Reynier Bemelman, aged 111 Years.

*Francfort, Feb.* 2. Great Levies are making in the Biſhopricks of Wurtzbourg and Bamberg, to compleat the Troops which the Biſhop of that Name is to furniſh the Emperor. The Regiment of Dragoons of Philippi has received Orders to march the 10th of this Month for Italy; and it is to be followed by the Regiment of Horſe of Eugene, Waterboun, Lichtenſtein, old Wirtemberg and Hamilton, under the Command of General Philippi.

## LONDON, *Decemb.* 6.

Laſt Tueſday came on a Trial before the Lord Chief Juſtice Eyre, at the Court of Common Pleas, Weſtminſter, between Mr. Willoughby Perriwig-maker, in Abchurch-Lane, Plaintiff, and Mr. Harvey, a Hair-Merchant in Whitechappel, Defendant, for the latter's having criminal Converſation with the former's Wife; when after a Hearing of upwards of 4 Hours, the Jury brought in a Verdict for Mr. Willoughby of 500 l. Damage. Alſo

The next Day came on at the ſaid Court, a Trial beween Mr. Allam, Plaintiff, and Mr. Roſſington Defendant, upon an Action brought againſt the latter, for having had criminal Converſation with the Plaintiff's Wife: The Jury found for the Plaintiff, and allowed him 100 l.

We hear the Attorney and Solicitor General have received Orders to give an Account of all Priſoners confined for Debts due to the Crown, and that the Commiſſioners of the Cuſtoms and Exciſe are to do the like of all who are Priſoners at their Suit, in order for their further Enlargement.

*From the Britiſh Gazetteer, Decemb.* 20. On Saturday Morning died of the Stone, at his Houſe in Cavendiſh Square, the Learned Anthony Collins, of Baddow Hall in the County of Eſſex, Eſq; the ſuppoſed Author of the *Diſcourſe on Free-Thinking*; *The Grounds of the Chriſtian Religion*; *The Scheme of Literal Prophecy*, &c. a Gentleman not leſs remarkable for Morality and all virtuous Qualifications, than for his many Diſcourſes on Polemical Subjects.

*From the London Journal, Decemb.* 20. On Saturday laſt died at his Houſe in Harley Square, Anthony Collins, Eſq; He was remarkably the active, upright and impartial Magiſtrate; the tender Husband; the kind Parent; the good Maſter, and the true Friend. He was a great Promoter of Literature in all its Parts; and an immovable Aſſerter of Univerſal Liberty in all Civil and Religious Matters. Whatever his Sentiments were in certain Points, this is what he declared at the Point of Death, viz. "That as "he had always endeavoured to the beſt of his Ability to "ſerve GOD, his King, and his Country; ſo he was "perſuaded he was going to that Place which GOD had "deſigned for them that love him." And preſently afterwards, the Catholick Religion was to love GOD and "to love Man." He was an eminent Example of Temperance and Sobriety, and one that had the true Art of Living. His worſt Enemies could never charge him with any Vice or Immorality.

We hear that the Court of Directors of the South-Sea Company have under Conſideration the Manner of carrying on their Trade in Negroes to the Spaniſh Coaſt, and that it has been propoſed, that for the future they ſhould buy what Negroes they ſhall have Occaſion for, of the Merchants who import Negroes at Jamaica, and that the ſaid Method is likely to be agreed to.

*Jan.* 3. His Majeſty has been pleaſed to appoint the Hon. William Finch, Eſq; ſecond Son to the Rt. Hon. the Earl of Nottingham, and Member of Parliament for the Borough of Cockermouth in Cumberland, to be his Ambaſſador Extraordinary and Plenipotentiary to the Court of Spain, in the Room of his Excellency the Lord Harrington.

On Sunday Night, between 11 and 12 o' Clock, a Fire broke out at an Ale-houſe near Limehouſe-bridge, which ſoon ſpreading, in a ſhort Space conſumed near 20 Houſes: Mr. Sherman Godfrey, an eminent Diſtiller, who lived next Door to the Ale-houſe, had ſcarce Time to get his Family out before his Houſe was in a Flame: The Benjamin and Anne, Capt. Vavaſor, which was in Mr. Graves's Dock, whoſe Houſe was burnt down, was much damgged in her Rigging, and with Difficulty preſerved: A Boy at the Ale-houſe, and a Maid Servant in the Neighbourhood, are miſſing, and it is believed are burnt.

We hear from Atterbury in Oxfordſhire, that a Woman was brought to Bed of 4 Sons and 2 Daughters, who were all Chriſtened in the Church on Chriſtmas-Eve, and are all like to live.

The Court having received Advice of the Death of the Princeſs of Anſpach, her Majeſty's Siſter in Law, will Tomorrow go into deep Mourning for three Months on that Occaſion.

*Jan.* 10. Laſt Thurſday at the Royal Society was read a curious Diſcourſe, drawn up by Mr. Southwell, concerning the Original, Nature and Propagation of Bugs, with a Remedy diſcovered by him in Jamaica. During the Reading this Piece, the ſeveral Degrees or Ages of this Vermin were ſhewn in Preparations for that Purpoſe.

We hear from Dover, That on the 8th of this Inſtant, a young Couple was married there: The Bride ſeemed, during the Ceremony, to be under ſome Uneaſineſs; and after the ſame was over, and ſhe returned to her own Houſe, ſhe was brought to Bed of a Girl; ſo the Bridemen and Maids ſtood Godfather and Godmothers, and the Curate earned double Fees from very unexpected Occaſions.

The old Houſes in the Spring Gardens will very ſpeedily be pulled down, and built into Streets, and it is ſaid a Gate will be opened from thence into St. James's Park.

*Jan.* 30. They write from Northampton, That laſt Week a remarkable Wedding was celebrated within a few Miles of that Place, between William Cheſter of Aſhby-Ledger, and a Woman of Badby, whoſe Ages computed together, do not much exceed 180 Years. *Note*, It is obſervable, that this is the ſecond Time the Woman has been married ſince ſhe was fourſcore Years old.

It is written from Copenhagen, that two Soldiers were apprehended there, on Suſpicion of murdering, 4 Leagues from that City, one of the King's Huntſmen, his Wife, his Father, two Children, and a Servant, who were barbarouſly maſſacred with Hatchets by 3 Men in Diſguiſe; but a Boy of 7 Years old, who, upon the Noiſe which they made, concealed himſelf in an Oven, had the good Fortune to Eſcape, and has given an Account thereof to the Officers of Juſtice.

We hear that a Duty of one Guinea will be laid on every Pair of Dice uſed in Great Britain; and five Shillings on every Pack of Cards.

We are aſſured, that the Lords of his Majeſty's moſt Hon. Privy Council, and the Commiſſioners for Trade and Plantations, have come to a Reſolution with reſpect to the Form of a civil Government at Gibraltar; by an Incorporation of them after the Manner of the chief Cities in England; and the ſame is to conſiſt of a Mayor, 6 Aldermen, 18 Common Council-men, and a Biſhop.

We are aſſured alſo, that a civil Government at Port-Mahon will be ſettled after the ſame Manner, only with the following Alterations, viz. Inſtead of 6 Aldermen, only 4, and inſtead of 18 Common Council-men, only 12.

We hear that the Right Hon. the Earl of Cheſterfield will be appointed his Majeſty's Ambaſſador Extraordinary to the Court of France.

A Man of War will be diſpatched in a few Days with Inſtructions for Rear Admiral Stewart, relating to the Reſtitution or Satisfaction the Spaniards are to make for the Loſſes we have ſuſtained in America, agreeable to the late Treaty.

*New-York*, *May* 4. Laſt Thurſday Night a Fire broke out in *New-ſtreet*, in this City, and deſtroyed three Houſes.

We hear that about the 23d of March, his Majeſty's Ship Greyhound arrived in Barbadoes, and brought Orders for proclaiming Peace with Spain, and it was proclaimed there accordingly.

*Cuſtom-Houſe*, *New-York*, *May* 4. *Inward Entries.*
W. Beckman from Boſton, W. Jeggles from Jamaica, P. Morgat from Barbadoes, Eb. Wyat from Curacoa.

*Entred outwards*, W. Mallroy for Jamaica, R. Newbold for Curacoa.

*Cleared out*, S. Lawrence to Amſterdam, M. Wolf to Jamaica, J. Hill to Curacoa, J. Clark to New-Caſtle on Delaw.

*To the Author of the* Pennſylvania Gazette.

*SIR*, *Burlington*, *April* 27. 1730.

AS I am your ſincere Friend and Well-wiſher, it is with a great deal of Pleaſure I have obſerved your prudent Management of the News-Paper, in which, till laſt Week, there has been no one Thing ſeen that might juſtly give Offence either to Church or State, or to any private Perſon: But when I reflect how good a Judge you are of what is or is not proper to be publiſhed in that manner, I am puzzled to think what could induce you to inſert that odd Letter of the *Drum* in your laſt *Gazette*. I am ſatisfied you know better than to imagine that ſuch a Thing would pleaſe the Generality of your Readers, or that it might be inſtrumental in doing Good to any one Creature living; I believe you have had no Reaſon to be piqu'd againſt the Gentlemen there reflected on; and as to the Wit and Humour which ſome Perſons of reputed Taſte pretend to diſcern in it, I proteſt I can ſee none, and I think that true Wit and Humour cannot be employ'd in ridiculing Things ſerious and ſacred. Whoever was the Writer of it, notwithſtanding his ſeeming Reflection on *Spinoſiſts*, *Hobbiſts*, *and moſt impious Freethinkers*, his Deſign is apparent, To bring the Diſpenſers of Religion among us into Contempt, and to weaken our Belief of the Divine Writings; a Deſign, in my Opinion, wery unworthy an honeſt Man and a good Subject, even tho' he was of no Religion at all. His depreciating the Holy Scriptures, by inſinuating that the Story of the Drummer of *Tedſworth* is a better atteſted One than that of *Saul* and the Witch of *Endor*, as alſo his ſatyrical Sneer at the Meeting of thoſe Reverend Gentlemen *to prevent the Growth of Atheiſm*, I paſs over at preſent without any further Remark; and as I apprehend that Arguments drawn from the Truth of our Religion, will have but little Weight with this Writer, in diſſuading him from ſuch a Way of indulging his ſatyrical Humour, I would only requeſt him to conſider theſe Things ſeriouſly, *to wit*, That wiſe Men have in all Ages thought Government neceſſary for the Good of Mankind; and, that wiſe Governments have always thought Religion neceſſary for the well-ordering and well-being of Society, and accordingly have been ever careful to encourage and protect the Miniſters of it, paying them the higheſt publick Honours, that their Doctrines might thereby meet with the greater Reſpect among the common People; And that if there were no Truth in Religion, or the Salvation of Men's Souls not worth regarding, yet, in conſideration of the ineſtimable Service done to Mankind by the Clergy, as they are the Teachers and Supporters of Virtue and Morality, without which no Society could long ſubſiſt, prudent Men ſhould be very cautious how they ſay or write any thing that might bring them into Contempt, and thereby weaken their Hands and render their Labours ineffectual. If this Writer is a Man of good Senſe, as I am willing to think he is, I am perſuaded this ſingle Conſideration will be ſufficient to prevail with him never more to employ his Pen in ſo unjuſtifiable a manner.

For my Part, I am entirely unacquainted with the Fact, the Relation of which this Writer pretends to have at firſt believ'd, till the Story of the *Jamaica* Curate ſtagger'd his Faith. If he really believ'd the Relation at firſt, I cannot ſee why that Story ſhould ſtagger his Faith in the leaſt: For tho' one Man's Ears may be as good as another's when both are awake and in Company, it does not thence follow that one Man may not ſleep ſounder than another when in Bed. Beſides, as far as we know, *there is nothing abſolutely impoſſible in the Thing it ſelf*: We cannot be certain there are no Spirits exiſting; it is rather highly probable that there are: But we are ſure that, if Spirits do exiſt, we are very ignorant of their Natures, and know neither their Motives nor Methods of Acting, nor can we tell by what Means they may render themſelves perceptible to our Senſes. Thoſe who have contemplated the Nature of Animals ſeem to be convinced that Spirit can act upon Matter, for they aſcribe the Motion of the Body to the Will and Power of the Mind. Anatomiſts alſo tell us, that there are Nerves of Communication from all Parts of the Body to the Brain: And Philoſophers aſſure us, that the Vibrations of the Air ſtriking on the Auditory Nerves, give to the Brain the Senſation of what we call Sound; and that the Rays of Light ſtriking on the optic Nerves, communicate a Motion to the Brain which forms there the Image of that Thing from which thoſe Rays were reflected: We find that a ſudden Blow upon the Eye ſhakes the viſual Nerve in the ſame Manner as when Light ſtrikes it, and therefore we think we ſee a Light, when there is no ſuch Thing at that Time viſible without us, and no one ſtanding by can ſee it, but the Perſon that is ſtruck alone. Now, how can we be aſſur'd that it is not in the Power of a Spirit *without* the Body to operate in a like manner on the Nerves of Sight, and give them the ſame Vibrations as when a certain Object appears before the Eye, (tho' no ſuch Object is really preſent) and accordingly make a particular Man ſee the Apparition of any Perſon or Thing at Pleaſure, when no One elſe in Company can ſee it? May not ſuch a Spirit likewiſe occaſion the ſame Vibrations in the auditory Nerves as when the Sound of a Drum, or any other Sound, is heard, and thereby affect the Party in the ſame manner as a real Drum beating in the Room would do, tho' no one hears it but himſelf. Perhaps I need not have ſaid all this to a Perſon who believes *the well-atteſted Story of the Drummer of Tedſworth*, ſince there are many other Stories, equally inconteſtible with that, by which reaſonable Men are convinc'd that Spirits do not only actually exiſt, but are able to make themſelves ſometimes both ſeen and heard.

In the Cloſe of his Letter, after paying a Complement to your *profound Learning and Judgment*, he requeſts *your Opinion, whether he ought to give Credit to the ſaid Relation, tho' it be atteſted by two Reverend Fathers*. Since you have not thought proper to ſay any thing to it, I beg Leave to give the Gentleman my Opinion, which is, *That he may very ſafely believe it*, and that for the following Reaſons.

1. Becauſe, as I have ſhewn above, there is nothing abſolutely impoſſible in the Thing it ſelf.

2. Becauſe they were Men of Probity, Learning and ſound good Senſe, who related this Fact to him upon their own Knowledge. If they were not ſuch, 'tis preſum'd they would not have been thought proper Perſons to be made publick Inſtructors.

3. Becauſe they both concur'd in the ſame Teſtimony; and it cannot be imagin'd what Intereſt they ſhould have in contriving together to impoſe a Falſhood of that Nature upon him; ſince they could expect Nothing but to be ridicul'd for their Pains, both by him and every other unthinking Sceptic in the Country.

If you inſert this Epiſtle in your next Gazette, I ſhall believe you did not approve of That I have been writing againſt, and ſhall continue,

*SIR*,

*Your real Friend and conſtant Reader*,

PHILOCLERUS.

*Cuſtom-House*, *Philadelphia*, *Entred inwards.*
Ship Prophet Jonas, Abraham Lawrence, from London.
----- William, James Oſwald, from Madera.
Brigt. Amity, Thomas Marſhall, from St. Chriſtophers.
------ Keith, Stephen Hoskins, from Jamaica.
Scoon. Flying Horſe, John Perkins, from Rhode-Iſland.

*Entred outwards.*
Brigt. Dolphin, William Hill, for Antigua.
Sloop Charming Sally, William Sandwith for Barbadoes.

*Cleared out.*
Ship Fame, James Hume, to Virginia.
Brigt. Anne and Elizabeth, Tho. Mumford to Burlington.
Sloop Five Siſters, John Joele to South Carolina.
------ Tace, Benjamin Hoskins, to Providence.

*Buried in the ſeveral Burying-Grounds of this City the Week paſt.*

| | | | | | |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| Church | 1. | Baptiſts | | | 1. |
| Quakers | 0. | Strangers, | Whites | | 2. |
| Presbyterians | 0. | | Blacks | | 0. |

# Advertiſements.

JOHN-HYNDSHAW, at the Sign of the *Two Bibles*, in *Market-ſtreet*, over againſt the Preſbyterian Meeting-Houſe, *Philadelphia*, binds any Sort of Books after any Faſhion People may deſire, and more perfectly, and cheaper, than formerly hath been done in theſe Parts. And he ſells at the loweſt Prices Folio Bibles with Maps and the Concordance, Quarto Bibles, ſmall Bibles, Teſtaments, Pſalters, Primers, with Variety of other Books: And ſeveral Sorts of blank Books for Accompts, Pocket-Books, Copy-books. Alſo Stationary Ware, ſuch as Paper, Ink, Sealing-wax, Wafers, Ink-horns, Standiſhes for Counters, Pencils, Spectacles and Caſes; and ſundry Sorts of Merchant Goods, lately imported from *Great Britain*, with a Book entituled *Bradley's Gentleman and Farmer's Guide*, abridged, for the Increaſe and Improvement of Cattle, *&c.* *April* 30. 1730.

*To be SOLD,*

BY *John Everitt*, of *Weſt Nottingham* in *Cheſter* County, a Griſt Mill on a good Stream of Water, with Convenience for building either a Saw Mill or a Fulling Mill; good new bolting Cloths up for making fine and middling Flour; and ſeventy Acres of Land, twenty of it good Meadow Land, about three Miles from a good Landing on *Suſquahannah* River, convenient for the *Maryland* Trade. Any Perſon inclining to purchaſe the aboveſaid Land and Premiſſes, may apply themſelves to *John Everitt* aforeſaid, or to *John Piggot*, and be informed about the Price and Time of Payment.

TO be Lett to Freight to any Part of *Europe*, or Continent or Iſles of *America*, the Brigt. *Anne* and *Elizabeth*, *John Searle* at preſent Maſter, Burthen between 50 and 60 Tons. Enquire for the ſaid *Searle* at the Houſe of *Benjamin Morgan* in *King-ſtreet*. Likewiſe a young Negroe Man and Woman to be Sold.

RUN away on the 19th Inſt. from *John Baldwin* of *Kennet* in *Cheſter* County, a Servant Man named *George Smith*, of a middle Stature, thin Viſage, wide Mouth, blackiſh Hair, aged 21 Years: He took with him two Suits of *French* Drugget, one white the other Snuff-colour'd, with Silver Claſps on one of the Garments; alſo a blue ſhagg'd Great Coat or Cloak, a Silver hilted Sword, a brown bay Horſe branded with E on the near Shoulder, and a Star in the Forehead. Whoever ſecures the ſaid Servant and Effects ſo that his ſaid Maſter may have them again, ſhall have *Five Pounds* Reward, and reaſonable Charges paid, by *John Baldwin.*

RUN away on the 19th of *April* from *Iſaac Walker* of *Tredyffryn* in *Cheſter* County, an *Iriſh* Servant Man, named *Joſeph Cummins*, about 22 Years of Age, of middle Stature, well ſett, freckled Face, ſandy Hair but ſhort; he wears a white linnen Cap, a good Felt Hat, a copper-colour'd Drugget Coat with light colour'd Linings, a Linſey-wolſey Jacket, and good Leather Breeches with Braſs Buttons, Oznaburgh Shirt, reddiſh Handkerchief, light brown worſted Stockings, a new Pair of Shoes with braſs Buckles. *Note*, The Back of his Hand is lately much bruiſed, and he wears a Cloth about it. Whoever ſecures the ſaid Servant ſo that his ſaid Maſter may have him again, ſhall have *Thirty Shillings* Reward, and reaſonable Charges paid, by *Iſaac Walker.*

RUN away the 19th of *April* laſt from *John Wallace* in *Derby*, a Servant Man named *Samuel Hughs*, of a low Stature, goes ſtooping, and ſharp Shins one more ſharp than the other; he looks to be 30 Years of Age, but ſays he is but 25. He ſerved ſome Time in *Frankford*: He hath got a large felt Hat, ſhort black Hair, a ſtriped Handkerchief, a darkiſh-coloured homeſpun cloth Coat and Jacket, a pair of Trowſers, bluiſh Stockings and new Shoes: He is one that hath a great deal of Aſſurance, and is a *Weſt Country-man*. Whoever ſecures the ſaid Servant ſo that his Maſter may have him again, ſhall have *Twenty Shillings* Reward and reaſonable Charges paid, by *John Wallace.*

RUN away on the 19th of *April* from *Abraham Wood* of *Bucks* County, a *French* Servant Man named *Iſaac Barono*, aged about 25 Years; a little well-built Man, black Hair, ſwarthy Complexion, round Viſage. Has on a light coloured Kerſey Coat made faſhionable, a blue and white ſtriped Jacket, a Felt Hat, fine Shirt and an Oznaburgh Shirt, and Trowſers.

Run away at the ſame Time from *Nicholas Parker* of the ſame County, an *Iriſh* Servant Man, named *Henry Brewer*, about 30 Years of Age, middle Stature, ſhort black Hair, but ſometimes wears a white Wig or a worſted Cap, has a leering Look with his Eyes. He wears a browniſh colour'd broad Cloth Coat and Veſt trim'd with the ſame Colour, Oznaburgh Breeches, fine and coarſe Shirts, browniſh Yarn Stockings, old Shoes, and a good Felt Hat. *Note*, They are ſuppoſed to be gone together, and to have falſe Paſſes with them. Whoever ſecures the ſaid Servants ſo that their Maſters may have them again, ſhall have *Three Pounds* Reward for each, and reaſonable Charges paid, by *Abraham Wood*, and *Nicholas Parker.*

RUN away on the 25th of *April* laſt from *Samuel Worthington* of the Manor of *Moreland* in this County, two Servant Men, *viz.* *Richard Bowen*, aged 22 Years, well ſet, has ſhort dirty brown Hair; a grey Kerſey Coat and Jacket, woollen and worſted Stockings, and good Shoes. *James Purnel*, aged 30 Years, of low Stature, black Complexion, without Hair; he is burſten, and commonly wears an Apron to conceal it; alſo his little Finger, by reaſon of a Cut among the Sinews, ſtands ſtreight, and will not bend with the reſt; his Cloaths are much the ſame with thoſe of *Bowen* deſcribed above. They have take with them two Guns, a pair of Boots, a Caſtor Hat, and a copper-coloured Sagathee Jacket.

RUN away at the ſame Time from *Henry Comeley* of the ſame Place, a Servant Man named *Abel Philips*, aged 24 Years, luſty and well-ſett, ſhort black Hair, broad Face, large Noſe, and ſmall hollow Eyes; he has a coarſe grey Kerſey Coat and Waſtcoat, Leather Breeches, a light-coloured Great Coat, good Stockings and Shoes.

RUN away alſo at the ſame Time from *Thomas Duffell* of the ſame Place, an *Iriſh* Servant Man named *Peter Kelley*, of middle Stature and well-ſett, black Hair, ſwarthy Complexion, much pockfretten; he has a home-made brown cloth Coat, a grey drugget Jacket, and a thick Buckskin Jacket, leather Breeches, a blue great Coat with pewter Buttons, grey Stockings and good Shoes. He ſpeaks good *French*. It is thought all four are gone together.

Whoever ſecures the ſaid Servants in ſome Goal, and gives Notice to their Maſters, ſhall have *Fifty Shillings* Reward for each, and reaſonable Charges paid, by *S. Worthington*, *Henry Comeley*, *Thomas Duffell.*

RUN away on the 5th Inſtant from *Evan Morgan* of this City, a Servant Man named *John Froſt*, by Trade a Taylor and Staymaker, aged about 30 Years, ſmall of Stature, hath a very ſhort Neck, and a thick fat Chin which almoſt reſts upon his Breaſt. He wears a light-coloured Duroy Coat, ſtrip'd Cherryderry Jacket and Breeches, light grey worſted Stockings, two good white Shirts, a brown Wig, an old Caſtor Hat, and good Shoes; but may have other Cloaths unknown; and alſo an old Indenture which has been cancelled. Whoever ſecures the ſaid Servant, ſo that he may be had again, ſhall have *Four Pounds* Reward and reaſonable Charges paid, by *Evan Morgan.*

STOLEN on the 30th paſt at Night out of the Stable of the *George Inn* in *Second Street*, *Philadelphia*, a bright bay Horſe, hath a ſmall Star, a Slit on each ſide the far Ear, a Brand-mark on the near Buttock, and branded with HG on the near Shoulder. Alſo a black breaſted Saddle, with a braſs Pummel, and Buckles for a Breaſt-plate but no Breaſt-plate, and a white Liſt round the Houſens. Whoever ſecures the ſaid Horſe and Saddle ſo that they may be had again, and gives Notice at the aboveſaid Inn, ſhall have *Three Pounds* Reward, and reaſonable Charges paid, by *Thomas Dunning.*

*Philadelphia*: Printed by *B. Franklin* and *H. Meredith*, at the New Printing-Office near the Market, where Advertiſements are taken in, and all Perſons may be ſupplied with this Paper, at *Ten Shillings* a Year.